

UMSL Current

Issue No. 169

University of Missouri-St. Louis

March 15, 1973

Senate approves P.E., General Studies, masters degrees

The Physical Education program was approved by the University Senate at its March 8 meeting, as potential P.E. majors who came to give the program their support breathed a sigh of relief.

The program was presented to the student-faculty body at the February meeting by the Curriculum Committee. Amidst confusion as to the funding, course requirements and priorities of the program, it was defeated and sent to the Senate Long-Range Planning Committee for its consideration.

The Long-Range Fiscal and Planning Committee discussed the program at meetings on February 19 and March 1, ultimately approving it and returning it to the Senate floor.

Strongly-voiced opposition to the program urged the Senate to strive for "improving what we have on campus, before adding a single new program." Questions were raised as to the cost of initiating the program without considering the cost of expanding the program.

Spokesmen for the program mentioned that competition was

low for space in the Multi-Purpose Building and that no special equipment would be required. The program was praised for its emphasis on "helping to build the physical as well as the mental child." This P.E. program would differ from traditional programs because of its focus on elementary and secondary education, rather than the training of coaches.

According to William Franzen, dean of the School of Education, former Chancellors Bugg and Driscoll had looked into developing a P.E. program. Dennis Fallon, coordinator of Health, Physical Education, and Recreation, had been hired to coordinate the development of the program, beginning three years ago. The program had received approval from the School of Education.

A bachelor of general studies degree in the Evening College was also approved at the meeting. This program, according to Joseph McKenna, chairman of the Curriculum Committee, will "provide the possibility for more mature students to put together combinations of courses most appropriate to them."

This degree program will incorporate general education requirements with a personal emphasis area designed by the student in close consultation with a faculty advisor. A student's vocational experience is also eligible for credit towards the degree.

Through this program, the University would be responding to the unique problems of students continuing their education through the Evening College, with less restrictive prerequisites and more flexibility to relate course work to occupational situations.

Masters programs in physics, chemistry, psychology, and public policy administration, to be initiated in the fall of 1974, were also approved. The public policy administration degree is an interdisciplinary degree between business, political science and economics which would fit the needs of individuals seeking such administrative positions.

The Ad-hoc Committee on Commencement presented its candidate for the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws, and the Senate approved Senator Theodore D. McNeal as its recip-

ient at the May 17, 1973 UMSL Commencement.

The Ad-hoc Committee on Non-Tenured Faculty presented their recommended revisions for consideration and action by the Senate Committee on Appointments, Tenure and Promotion.

The Senate Dinner meeting, on special request from Chancellor Walters, will discuss the preparation for a campus role and scope this Friday evening, March 16. The senators will be examining present and developing realities facing the academic community and UMSL.



Contrary to popular belief, Bugg Lake is not polluted. See story Page 5.

Director expounds on athletic budget

by Frank Watson

A summary of the UMSL athletic budget has been drawn up and released by the Office of Public Information, in response to student requests.

A spokesman for the Central Council Grievance Committee told the *Current* that there had been various complaints lodged with the committee, that there were inequities in the sports budget, and that it should be made open.

Central Council passed a resolution asking that the head of the athletic department make public his financial budget.

However, Charles G. Smith, UMSL director of athletics,

pointed out that before any budget of any department could be released, the request would have to go through, and be approved by, the chancellor's office.

Smith reported to the *Current* that the desire of the chancellor in this case was to put together a statement concerning the athletic budget, rather than release the entire line budget.

Smith, John Perry, business officer, and Dr. Bob Markland, associate professor, School of Business Administration, put together the information, released in the report.

Titled "Statement on UMSL Athletics" it was to be handed out at a special meeting between members of the Grievance Committee and the athletic director.

According to a spokesman for the committee, at the meeting they found the accusations leveled against the budget to be untrue, that Smith was "very fair, very open" with them, and that there was "really no problem."

"It was a misunderstanding... probably a communications problem more than anything else," he said.

From the report it was learned that \$129,000 of the estimated \$139,000 income for the 1972-73 year came from the student activity fee. Individually, \$7 of the total \$24.50 activity fee per semester is earmarked for athletics.

Students opt for political internships

by Howard Friedman

It's not quite saturation but starting this coming Fall '73 Semester, the Department of Political Science in conjunction with the Public Policy Programs of Extension intends to broaden its embryonic intern program and loose some 25-50 student interns on the community to work in various political activities.

Opening to juniors, seniors and graduate students, a candidate should have 15 hours in political science and a minimum overall grade point of 2.5 with no less than a 3.0 in political science. There is, however, according to Dr. John Collins, the program coordinator, a provision that will allow prospective interns with a grade point average between 2.0-2.5, and 2.5-3.0 in political science to go before a faculty selection committee. (Letters of recommendation would also be required in such cases.) An urban affairs course is needed for city agency assignments and likewise a state politics course is required for state government assignments.

Working with Collins in getting

the program underway are political science professors Bryan Downes and Terry Jones, the department chairman.

Dr. Collins says the requirements have been instituted because the department "doesn't want to be sending people out who might bungle it." But at the same time he doesn't view the program as "only for political science students" and says "there could possibly be some give and take on the requirement" of 15 hours in that department.

At present the program's leadership is involved in making contacts and setting up intern possibilities. These include "local offices of area Congressmen, state legislators, city government agencies, municipal councilmen, east-west Gateway, local offices of federal agencies, county councilmen or judges, municipal league, citizen committees of local governments, quasi-public groups like residential services or the Normandy Municipal Council, and court administrators." A student would not have to reside in, say St. Charles County or the city to work there.

Dr. Collins admits that they are presently rather thin on city contracts but he has hopes of gaining assignments at the aldermanic level.

Previously there have been small numbers of interns such as four recently toiling in Bridgeton along with various other individual internships. One such student, according to Dr. Collins, started working in Hazelwood and he has since become "the assistant personnel director or something." The coordinator further remarked, "There is a possibility that (the program) could develop into a career job."

Depending upon the assignment and on how much time is expended, interns can earn up to 6 hours, though the normal amount will be 3.

The objectives of the intern program are; 1) to further the student's understanding of politics, policy making, policy implementation, and public organizations, 2) to further develop the student's analytic skills; 3) to provide an additional link between the campus and the com-

Continued on Page 6



Chuck Smith, athletic director.

Israel: an aggressive military state

"Why the occurrence of Munich and the more recent Khartoum tragedies?" "Why don't the Palestinians and other Arabs recognize Israel?" "Who are the Palestinians and what do they want?" Most inquirers agree that answers to these and to other related questions must be "found," and that conditions within the international environment which necessitate the asking of these questions must be specified and explored.

The purpose here is a re-construction of major historical developments leading to the present grave Palestinian-Israeli conflict. For lack of space, a discussion of different alternatives suggesting possible solutions to that Middle Eastern dilemma will have to wait. Hopefully, the *Current* will soon provide printing space for the purpose of communicating a discussion of such alternatives.

Quest Commentaries

On what grounds do the Palestinian Arabs and the Zionists base their claims to Palestine? (At the outset, a distinction must be made between Zionism and Judaism. Judaism is a great religion with humanitarian tradition, while Zionism is an economic-political ideology, and, essentially, an extension of 19th century European nationalism.)

On the one side, the Palestinian Arabs base their rights to Palestine on the following grounds: For many centuries, the Palestinian Arabs had constituted the overwhelming majority of the population, had lived in that area and despite all foreign invasions--crusaders, Turks, British--and natural disasters they had never left their country until their forced expulsion by the European Zionists in 1948. On the other side, the Zionist Jews base their claim to Palestine on the following arguments: (1) Palestine was promised to the Jews on two oc-

casions--once by God and once by Balfour; (2) on the UN General Assembly's Partition Plan in 1947; and (3) that the Jews should have a homeland of their own. A close examination of the Palestinian-Israeli situation would render the Zionists arguments as preposterous. Let me explain.

The alleged promise of God was made to Abraham, the father of both Arabs and Jews. Accordingly, the Arabs, then are equally justified in claiming Palestine for themselves. As for the non-sensical Balfour Declaration of 1917--which promised European Jews a homeland--all normal and rational human beings should dismiss it as pure garbage; Balfour, a British politician, had no right whatsoever to promise a land already inhabited by its Palestinian people and that did not belong to Britain or to peoples who had never seen or ever lived in Palestine. It is interesting to note that the population of Palestine in 1917 was 92 per cent Arab and only 7 per cent Jewish (or 54,000 persons, mostly Arabs of the Jewish faith), and that land-ownership was 97 per cent Arab and only 3 per cent Jewish.

Concerning the second Zionist argument, a person need not be an expert on UN affairs to realize that the 1947 Partition Plan of Palestine could not be considered but a mere recommendation, and nothing more. The General Assembly is neither a judicial nor a legislative international body. Besides, that action was illegal, undemocratic, and contrary to the principle of "self-determination" contained in the Charter. For the population of Palestine in 1947 which comprised of 67 per cent Arab and only 33 per cent Jewish (600,000 persons, mostly newly arrived illegal European aliens) were never consulted by the UN over their future political aspirations. Land-ownership was 93 per cent Arab and only 7 per cent Jewish, yet, the Partition Plan called for giving the Zionist Jews 56 per cent of Palestine. The Zionists in desperate need for a base from which to expand in the future, naturally, had ac-

cepted the "gift." And on obvious grounds, the Palestinians had rejected the outrageously unjust plan.

The third Zionist argument concerning a need for a Jewish homeland is on the surface a sound one, however, once we examine it within the Palestinian context it will be found outrageously hypocritical. The history of persecution and atrocities committed against the Jews (especially during World War II) at the hands of the Europeans is well known, and if only on basic humanitarian grounds, the whole world should have provided a refuge to those people--as well as to other persecuted minorities. However, the records show that the governments of Canada, Brazil, Australia and the United States have announced to accept Jewish refugees from Europe. Even the Dominican Republic was reported to have offered to take in 200,000 European Jews. It was only through myopic Zionist pressures on those governments that those offers were rejected. Instead, the Zionists wanted to vacate Palestine--a mere 10,000 square miles--of her Palestinian people in order to make room for the Europeans. And in the words of the late Bertrand Russell, "To ask the Palestinian Arabs to pay for the crimes of the Europeans is pure hypocrisy." (For the complete text of Russell's reflections, see *New York Times*, Feb. 23, 1970.)

Aftermath of the Palestine war

When confronted with questions concerning the circumstances under which the Palestinians left their country, the Zionists are fond of exclaiming, "But they left on their own free will!" The disgusting part of such a stupid explanation is that it is often accepted by inquirers in an uncritical or noncritical manner. The truth of the matter is: The Palestinians were forced out of their homes and lands under a reign of terror and wholesale murder. The infamous massacre of 250 Palestinian Arab children,

men and women in the village of Deir Yasin (April 9, 1948) was only one "incident" among numberless others. Professor Eric Fromme, the noted Jewish thinker asks, "Just because the Arabs fled? Since when is that punishable by confiscation of property and by being barred from returning to the lands on which a people's forefathers have lived for generations?"

What do the Palestinians want?

The Palestinians want to return to their lawful country, Palestine. The Palestinian Revolution is calling for the establishment of a free, democratic, and secular state where both Jews and Arabs live and work together in peace and in harmony. This is a utopian dream, for Arabs and Jews had always lived together in peace. It was only after the arrival of alien European Zionists after 1921 that disturbed the harmonious relations. (For Jewish refutation of Zionism and for history of persecution-free of Jewish citizens in the Arab world, see Moshe Menuhin, *The Decadence of Judaism in Our Time*, and/or Alfred Lillenthal, *The Other Side of the Coin*. Note: Do not bother to look up these two books in the UMSL library. For strange reasons, the UMSL library does not keep many such thought-provoking books.)

Warning! The longer the world community and Israel keep on ignoring the just humanistic demands of the Palestinian Revolution, the more severe and the more desperate the Palestinians will become. And so long as the Palestinian demands are not understood and met, the more Munichs and Khartoums the world must expect. The world had better awaken and recognize Israel as it really is--an oppressive, racist, (Jewish only), and aggressive military state--and act in the best interests of humanity, justice and peace.

Salaam
Muhyi A. Abuhamdeh

Arabs may 'push the Jews into the sea'

The state of Israel bases its claim to the land on two major points; historical necessity and political reality. The problem to be dealt with is not the existence of the state of Israel but the suffering of the Palestinian Arabs. Responsibility for this tragedy must fall on the shoulders of both the Israelis and the Arab governments. As long as Arab leaders such as Sadat of Egypt and Kadafi of Libya push for the annihilation of the Jews in Israel, there can be no constructive consideration on the part of the Israelis concerning the plight of the Palestinian refugees.

The historical necessity of the state of Israel needs no other proof other than the continual persecution of the Jewish people for 2,000 years culminating in the Nazi holocaust. In every historical period where Jews have enjoyed relative success, there has followed an intense period of persecution and genocide, for example: Golden Age of Spain--Inquisition; Imperial Germany--Nazi Holocaust. Various answers to the "Jewish Question" have been tried and have failed; for example, Enlightenment, Assimilation, Marxism. All of this left one path open: Jewish self-determination and autonomy as depicted in Zionism.

Determined Jews leaving their hostile lands, concentration camps, and refugee camps, legitimately established a refuge for all Jews. When the British imperialists left Palestine, the reactionary Arab governments threatened the newly-formed Jewish state with annihilation for their own imperialist purposes. In the wake of this vicious war, many Palestinian Arabs were left homeless and fled to the sup-

posed sanctuaries of Egypt, Jordan, Syria and Lebanon. While the state of Israel grew demographically and economically, Palestinian Arabs were forced to stagnate in refugee camps outside of Israel.

The only solution to the refugee problem is a bi-national state recognizing Arabs and Jews as equal citizens. Any more towards this is hampered by the constant threat to the security of Israel; not only do the Arab governments wish to liberate the land of Israel but "wish to push the Jews into the sea." Even the so-called internationalist Palestinian guerilla movements are inextricably tied

to the reactionary Arab military governments. The guerillas are supplied, trained, and financed by Arab governments who have no part in the struggle. It is impossible for Israel to deal with the legitimacy of the Palestinian claim until the guerillas divorce themselves from their reactionary counterparts.

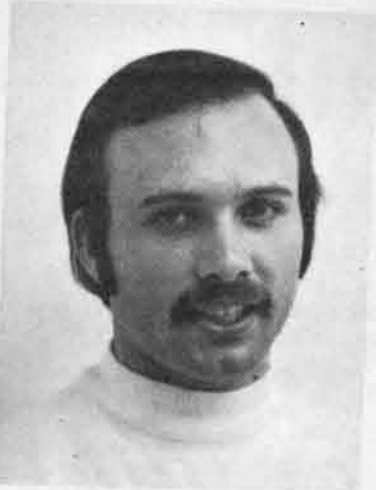
The historical necessity of the State of Israel is not a thing of the past. Today Jews in Russia who once were in the vanguard of the Soviet Revolution are confronted with blatant anti-semitism which dates back five hundred years since the first mass murder at Babi Yar. Presently three million Jews are being held captive; some because of their value, some because of their inability to pay the ransom fee (as high as \$20,000 a person) and some in concentration camps as political and cultural prisoners. The only answer to the "Jewish Question" is the state of Israel. This does not preclude the existence of a binational state but only one in which Jewish self-determination and immigration are allowed. Until such time as recognition is granted by the Arab governments, the Palestinian problem must remain unsolved but in Israel today they are living in better economic conditions without cultural deprivation than in the last twenty-five years. They have new housing, more advanced farming techniques, and Arab television and radio time. When Jews have security in Israel, the Palestinians also will have security.

umsl current

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Shalom,
Mike Timmerman
Bernie Zinn



Announced as king and queen at the Homecoming dance February 24 were Bill Beach (left) and Kathy O'Halloran (right).

'Aunt' less than expected

The return engagement of the Missouri Vanguard Theatre was something less than spectacular. *Charley's Aunt* a slapstick comedy interspersed with mistaken identity was presented last Saturday night in the J.C. Penney Auditorium. Try as they might, the Vanguard Players never seemed to get the laughs intended by the author.

Play Review

by Bill Townsend

The play, set in late nineteenth century London, revolves around the masquerade of a young college man who pretends to be the aunt of one of the other young men, Charley. "She" helps set the scene for Charley and his friend Jack who attempt to woo their friend's sweethearts. Complications arise when the guardian of the two young ladies arrive, along with Jack's father, plus Charley's real aunt, Donna Lucia L'Alvalorez.

The comedy itself is outrageous. Written in 1892 by Brandon Thomas, *Charley's Aunt* has withstood the rigors of time to become one of the world's most popular comedies. Unfortunately, the performance Saturday did not live up to expectations.

The actors seemed unsure of themselves on stage, particularly in the physical scenes when precise movement was required.

In the third act, for example, the bogus aunt is chased by "her"

two friends, Jack and Charley. The scene looked as if it were done at three quarters speed as the actors groped around, fearing they would topple or knock down a prop.

Too often facial expressions were forced and therefore inadequate.

In the second act, for instance, Charley slugs his "aunt" on the arm and "she" grimaced in such a way that it look more like a belligerent smile than a look of pain.

The show did have some highlights, however. Whenever the imposter Donna Lucia introduces herself, she proclaims, "I'm Charley's aunt from Brazil, where the nuts come from." Invariably this line would get a laugh, particularly from the little children in the audience. The ridiculous situation itself often provoked the audience to laugh. The mere fact that a man was playing a woman and duping the other characters on stage into believing that fact was enough to keep the show somewhat lively.

Mostly, though, *Charley's Aunt* was a disappointment. Last year the Vanguard presented Moliere's comedy, *Tartuffe* at UMMSL. This travelling repertory company is co-sponsored by the University of Missouri-Kansas City, Missouri Repertory Theatre and the Division for Continuing Education and Extension.

The Vanguard production at UMMSL was sponsored by PACE, the Performing Arts and Cultural Events Committee.

Recolor UMMSL

Dear Editor:

Many of us (2) have recently formed an ad hoc committee to determine ways of improving UMMSL's national visibility. Our first meeting was devoted to constructing an appropriate name (Cognitive Reciprocal Attitudinal Priorities Program). Through maximal indepth discussion which included much flexible motivational serial communication due to the vertical team structure employed, we were able to evolve an innovative instutional strategy. Many workable methodologies were posited (3) and compiled (2) ranging from installing a massusee parlor to a university without floors.

The usual decision matrix method (eigenvalues, cyclic permutation of indices, anticommutors, etc.) was employed as a panacea to counteract the numerous counter-productive, stylistic, ethnic salvos. This sophisticated resource systems analysis has focused on the optimum productivity solution without violating ontological principles. The solution consists of recoloring the entire UMMSL community to an iridescent puce, thus taking advantage of our favorable posture under a major national air corridor.

Sincerely yours,
Jacob J. Leventhal
Gerald R. North

Store not private

To the Editor:

I would like to correct some of the statements made concerning the bookstore in a recent letter to the editor submitted by Mr. Dan Claudy.

The bookstore is *not* owned by a private concern. The bookstore is wholly owned by the university and is administratively a department of the Business Office. All employees of the bookstore are employed by the University.

The bookstore is one of several sources of revenue committed to retire the bonds which

Current mail

were issued to finance the construction of the University Center. The remaining 50 per cent will go toward the necessary increased investment in equipment books, and supplies necessary to meet the needs of a constantly growing student body. If the bookstore did not contribute to the retirement of the bonds, it is conceivable that the student activity fees would have to be raised.

It is true, as Mr. Claudy states, that textbooks and other required supplies have increased in costs over the last six years. However, the prices of new books are established by the publisher and the University Bookstore has no control over these prices. The books that are required for a particular course are determined by the faculty member teaching that course. Under these circumstances the bookstore has little opportunity to lower the price of textbooks to the students.

Also the bookstore does employ a sizable number of UMMSL students. At present about 25% of the bookstore staff are UMMSL students. Thank you for this opportunity to present my views.

George M. Dickerson,
Manager,
University Bookstore

Black falsely accused

To the Editor:

William Kunstler, well-known civil rights attorney, and the Reverend Horace Jones of HOME, Inc. will be the featured speakers at a rally to defend J.B. Johnson at 8 p.m. Friday, March 23 at the St. Louis Learning Center, 4504 Westminster. For a one dollar (\$1.00) donation, tickets may be obtained by calling 862-1118 during the day or 652-6295 and 862-3658 at night. Kunstler who served as counsel for the Chicago Seven and is currently serving in that capacity for H. Rap Brown, will speak on the American judicial system with particular reference to the Johnson trial.

J.B. Johnson was given a life sentence as the alleged unarmed accomplice in the slaying of a University City policeman during a jewelry store robbery. J.B. Johnson is a victim of mistaken identity, which is accentuated by the NEED to find and convict a black man as the accomplice in the robbery-slaying which occurred in St. Louis County on January 23, 1970. Police looked for a black youth near the University City jewelry store where the University City policeman was shot. J.B. was the first black youth they saw in the general area; so they arrested him. Nobody, including the owner of the jewelry store, 12 white police officers, or one white fireman who testified against him, has ever identified J.B. Johnson as the accomplice. The forman of the all-white jury which convicted J.B. was a former deputy sheriff of St. Louis County. One third of the panel from which the jury was selected either had relatives or close friends who were policemen.

J.B. did not receive justice-- He represents many young black ghetto victims of unequal justice.

Richard Knutson
Committee to Defend
J.B. Johnson

Blasts military ad

To the Editor of the *Current*:

I am NOT pleasantly surprised to find that your paper is printing advertising for the U.S. military. Too many of us have worked too long and too hard to rid UMMSL of those who would recruit students to blast and burn the people (non-military mostly) of South East Asia, (or whatever they have in mind). Neither the Air Force nor term paper companies clearly benefit students, though they both pretend to do so. I would hope that your judgement, as well as your ad manager's cannot be swayed by threats from the U.S. military.

An UMMSL Veteran

Another shot at ad

To the Editor:

I found the Air Force ad in the *Current* extremely offensive. I feel that it is poor taste towards humanity to advertise an organization that teaches people to kill and exercises its unholy profession. If it is in line with the interests of America, then I see nothing sacred or valid in America's relationship to the world.

Keeping ads for death and destruction out of the *Current* has been fought for many years, let's continue to do so.

Deb Hoechst,
Center Council Rep.

U Players lauded

To the Editor:

We are very fortunate to have a dedicated group of students on campus who have just demonstrated that the word apathy is not in their vocabulary. I often hear complainers say that nothing happens on our commuter campus because people go to class, go to work, and go home. The University Players have again refuted that statement with their very credible production, *The Diary of Anne Frank*. To my knowledge, this was the first production directed by one of our under-graduate students. Wayne Salomon, the director, chose a difficult play, which he felt demanded a complex set, and made it work. He pulled together a good cast and crew, and insisted that they accept his disciplined daily hard work.

Everyone worked under physical conditions that would defeat less dedicated artists. The Players have no theatre, no rehearsal room, and no carpentry shop that they can depend upon each day. They must move from lecture hall to Penney Auditorium to rehearse, and their sets are built outdoors or in a classroom. Their storage for props is inadequate, and their budget is small. Nothing else is small about them, however; their vast energy and enthusiasm for theatre is exciting to witness, and it is inspirational to others interested in extra curricular activities on campus. Bravo, Players; thanks for dispelling the apathy myth.

Verne Peters

Letters must include the author's name and phone number. Names will be withheld upon request. Letters over 150 words may be edited for length at the editor's discretion.

KWMU Weekly Highlights

| | | |
|-----------|----------|--|
| Daily | 6-9 am | Morning Classics and News: with Bob Eastman and Mike Charls |
| Thursday | 8 pm | "World's Great Music" Works by Schultz, Gabrielli, and Hassler |
| Friday | 8 pm | BBC Promenade Concert: Mozart Symphony and Mozart Concerto |
| Friday | 11 pm | "Friday Magazine" (Student operation) |
| Saturday | 12-6 am | "Midnight til Morning" (Student operation) |
| Saturday | 3:45 pm | "Music International" (German) |
| Sunday | 12-6 am | "Midnight til Morning" (Student operation) |
| Sunday | 10:55 am | "Concert Hall": Brahms & Debussy |
| Monday | 2 pm | Concert of the week: Honegger, Miaskowsky Kalik featured |
| Tuesday | 6 pm | "Symphony Omnibus" with Leonard Slatkin |
| Wednesday | 4-6 pm | Afternoon Classics and News with Bob Eastman |

Flicks of the week

| | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Fri. & Sat. | March 16-17 | "Fellini Satyricon" 50¢ | 101 Stadler Hall w/UMMSL ID |
| Monday | March 19 | "The Loved One" free | 101 Stadler Hall |
| Tuesday | March 20 | "Inherit the Wind" free | J.C. Penney Aud. |
| Friday showings: | 7:30 & 9:45 pm | | |
| Saturday showing: | 8 pm | | |
| Monday showings: | 2:40 & 8 pm | | |
| Tuesday showings: | 3 & 8 pm | | |

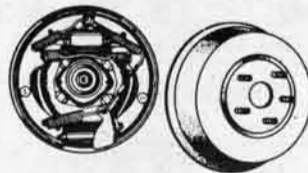
The UMMSL film series is sponsored by the University Program Board, financed with Student Activities Funds.

Driving anywhere in the U.S. or Canada & want passengers to share expenses? Departures date 3/14/73 or after, no charge. Call evenings preferably, IV 7-4208.

B.F. Goodrich

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Michael Ludwig- from Monsanto to Maestro

by Anne Schaffner

In 1970, junior Michael Ludwig wrote a musical composition during a few lunch hour periods while working at Monsanto, never suspecting that in February of 1973 it would be awarded a prize in a state-wide competition for composers. Last October Ronald Arnatt, UMSL associate professor of music, encouraged Ludwig to submit one of his pieces to the 1972-73 Sight-Sound Fine Arts Festival, held at the Central Missouri State campus. Open to students between the ages of fifteen and twenty-six, the competition was judged by a board of faculty members from the universities of Michigan, Iowa and Ohio.

The winning composition is a woodwind trio in three sections entitled "Triptych" after the three-paneled medieval church paintings of that name. Like the sections of the triptych, which are separate scenes that can contribute to a total panorama, each of the three trio movements was an attempt to complete organization of form and content. In "Triptych" he uses the extreme ranges of the instruments (the oboe at the top of its register, and the bassoon on its

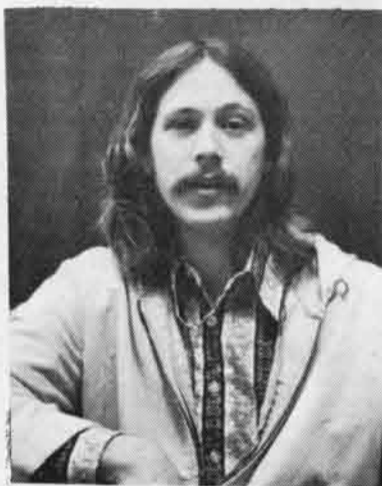
lowest notes) to produce widely-spaced sonorities.

UMSL students will have an opportunity to hear three of Ludwig's choral compositions on the Missouri Singer's concert April 10 at 8 p.m. in Christ Church Cathedral (13th and Locust). Ludwig will be conducting the premiere of his three "Living

Songs," written last November and December at Arnatt's request. The texts for the words are poems by children who died at the Terezin Polish concentration camp during World War II. Soprano Susan Statler will also sing three of his pieces on an upcoming student recital.

The poem texts are from Lord Byron, Langston Hughes and one of Ludwig's own poems. Concert pianist Evelyn Mitchell, a member of the music faculty, will include two of Ludwig's piano compositions on one of her re-

citals within the next year. Ludwig will also be working with Dr. Arnatt on a major composition for four soloists and orchestra--a setting of a poem by Walt Whitman entitled "Chanting the Square Deific."



Mike Ludwig

Septuagenarian starts over at UMSL

by Connie Murray

UMSL has in its library a former art history professor from Washington University, the former assistant director of the St. Louis Art Museum and the former curator of Steinberg Hall Art Gallery. His name is William N. Eisendrath, Jr., aged 70, retired Chicago businessman, and Yale graduate turned art historian.

He hails from Chicago, but came to St. Louis in 1952 to become the assistant director of the art museum here. In 1960,

when Washington U. Steinberg Hall Gallery was opened Eisendrath was appointed curator. There he made decisions about which works were exhibited and is largely responsible for the quality collection now at that museum.

At UMSL he is diligently working on the University's art book collection. He spends his days either on the library's fifth floor or, more often, among the book shelves. There he catalogs the collection and makes lists for future purchases. This month he will make a trip to New York for the University. He plans on buying some books and examining many more. "It's difficult to say how long the whole job will

take," he said. "I'm making lists for the purchase of books, but like any other department, these lists must go through channels before they are actually bought."

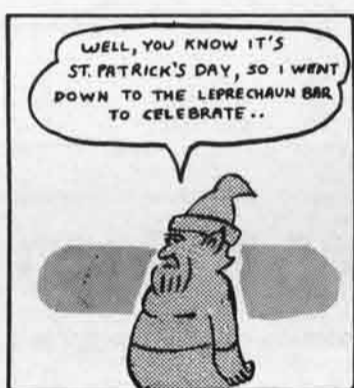
In preparation for his career as an art historian, Eisendrath took courses at Northwestern University. He already had retired from a 25-year-old art business in Chicago. He also read extensively on the subject and continues to enjoy learning about it.

"Everyone here has been very nice. The people in the library --everyone has been very cooperative," Eisendrath said. He hasn't had much contact with the student body, his time being limited. "I spend most of the day up here in carrel number one of the library or among the books. I've been able to talk with some of the students working in the library. Other than that I haven't had much of an opportunity."

Having already retired twice, and taken up new careers, Eisendrath hopes to never fully give up working. He would, he says, "...get very bored with nothing to do."

To avoid retirement he has volunteered his time and knowledge to further UMSL's art history program, being paid only for his trips in the name of the school. In this way he has been able to continue in his new career and life time hobby.

Eisendrath has modestly tried to avoid publicity about what he is doing. "There's been too much fuss made over this whole thing," he believes.



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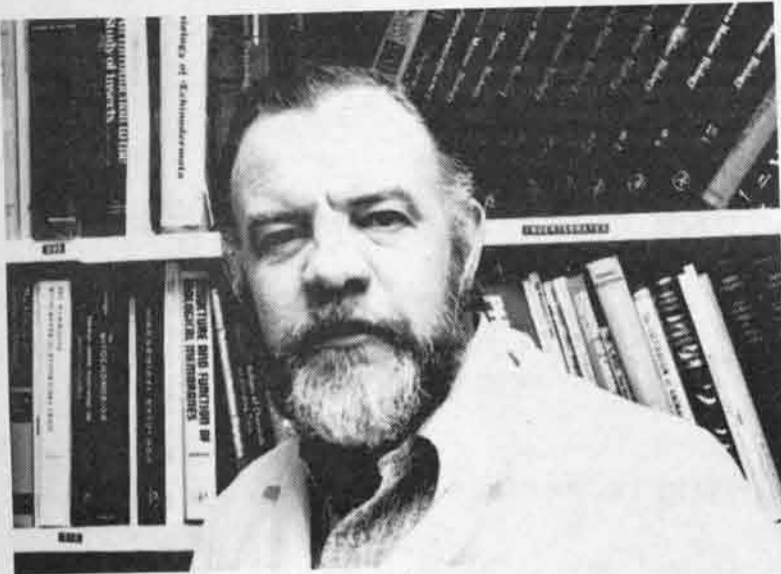
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"We need a local salesman"

Bugg Lake given clean bill of health

by Carl Hess



Frank Moyer

Student listening service available

Lonely? Got a problem? Want to talk to a new person? Call 383-2456 or 383-8714 between 5 p.m. and 5 a.m. any Thursday, Friday, or Saturday night and there will be an ear to listen. This is not an analyst or Ann Landers so don't expect miracle cures or advice. This service is for those times when loneliness over takes one past the time for calling a friend. This free service, newly instituted by the Baptist Student Union for use by UMSL, and Florissant Valley Community College, headed and staffed by Elaine Dickerson and nine other students. Elaine, a junior at UMSL majoring in psychology got her idea from an ad in the school paper about a year and a half ago saying, "I'm lonely,

call me." She did and found it enlightening.

This service, called the Christian Student Listening Service, is for listening only, but they do intend to keep a log of the time of calls, an idea of what it was about and a name (if given, it is not required), so that those who call again with an unsolvable problem can be referred to one of the agencies in St. Louis that can deal with it.

The students who listen were given little instruction but it was impressed on them that they are told to listen only. The service will be going into its third week this weekend so don't be afraid to call.

There really is someone out there to listen.

In these times of concern for ecology, a pressing question for certain students at UMSL is: is Bugg Lake polluted?

"This question has come up before," said Frank Moyer, professor of biology at UMSL. "We have examined the possibility carefully and found that for a small urban reservoir, the lake is remarkably unpolluted."

There had been rumors recently that biology students would be unable to conduct their semi-annual outside lab because of pollution in the lake, which is unofficially dubbed after former Chancellor James L. Bugg. But apparently the body of water is alive and well.

"The only instance of pollution in the lake occurred in the spring of 1969, when there was a minor fish kill," Moyer continued. "At the time, we collected the dead fish and had them analyzed by a state water pollution laboratory. They found that the tissues from the dead fish has a high content of chlorinated hydrocarbons present derived from insecticides being used by the Physical Plant. We checked with the business office, and found that in the autumn of 1968 trees around the lake had been sprayed with this insecticide. We presented this evidence to John Perry (UMSL Business Officer) with an explanation of why the compounds were dangerous. He halted the spraying and told us that in the future if spraying is necessary, biodegradable insecti-

cides will be used. Since that one incident, no more fish have died."

Some students think Bugg Lake is sick because of its brownish water and the 'scum' that forms on it during the warm months. But that's just natural, Moyer explained.

"Many people think the pond is dirty because it looks soupy," he said, "but the stuff in the water is not dirt, but plankton. Plankton are microscopic organisms--one-celled plants and small crustaceans--which ordinarily live in the pond. Although it may not look good, it is an indication that the pond is indeed a very healthy one. The microscopic plants make oxygen, and keep the water oxygenated. Microscopic animals eat these plants, baby fish eat the microscopic animals, and bigger fish eat the smaller fish."

In summer months, one-celled plants called algae make their appearance, sometimes covering almost half the lake. Actually, the algae skim is a sign that life is thriving in the water. In fact, it is thriving almost too well. "Fertilisers used to make the grass grow on the hills are washed into the lake," Moyer said. "The makes the plankton and algae, which also grow by photosynthesis, grow better."

There are other worries for Bugg Lake than pollution and 'scum'. During the construction of Benton and Stadler Halls, large

amounts of mud washed into the landlocked lake, causing it to silt up.

"We conducted a topographical survey of the lake in 1969, during the period when Stadler Hall was being built," Moyer said. "Last semester, another survey by Larry Lee (assistant professor of geology) discovered, among other things, that the depth in the deepest part of the lake had decreased by about 2 feet. The character of the bottom has changed," he continued. "It was hard, but there is not a lot of mud."

With the change of depth, the fish and animal population has also shifted. "There used to be a good population of salamanders, but now there are very few," Moyer said. "The number of bass in the lake and their size has declined. The number of sunfish has increased, but instead of 3 species of them there are now only 2, and their size has decreased because the competition for food is more intense."

The pumping of water into Bugg Lake doesn't seem to upset the ecological balance. "The water is pumped in at a gradual rate," Moyer said. "In fact, it helps the condition in that it keeps the water level up. If the water is too shallow, the fish can't go through courtship and mating procedures."

"The lake is alive and well," Moyer concluded "If the labs are not conducted this spring, it won't be because the lake isn't safe."

KALUNDIR

THURSDAY, MARCH 15

- 2:40 pm Seminar: "The Untoward Incident in a Martian Parliament" 331 BE
- 3:00 pm Lady Fleming Seminar Lucas Lounge, Rm. 318
- 8:00 pm Theatre "The Mousetrap" (Agatha Christie) Loretto-Hilton Center (130 Edgar Road)
- 8:30 pm "Growing Up Female" Wohl Center, Wash. U.
- 8:30 pm St. Louis Philharmonic, Kiel Opera House (call 351-2320)

FRIDAY, MARCH 16

- 1968--My Lai Massacre
- 11:40 pm Informal Lecture on the "Age of Henry VII and Elizabeth" 225 J. C. Penney
- 12:30 pm Central Council 2nd Legislative Seminar Rm. 121 J.C. Penney
- 2:00--Hatha Yoga Class, Rm. 210, Admin. Bldg.
- 4:00 pm Film "Fellini Satyricon" 101 Stadler Hall \$1.75
- 7:30 & 9:45 pm Women's Coffee House \$1.50 - For info call CH 1-6958

- 8:00 pm Theatre "The Mousetrap" see 3/15
- 7:30 & 9:30 pm Film "Joe Hill" Graham Chapel Wash. U. \$1.75
- 9:00 pm Women's Coffee House \$1.50 - For info call CH 1-6958

- 11:30 pm Film "Billy Jack" Graham Chapel Wash. U.

SATURDAY, MARCH 17

- St. Patrick's Day
- 5:00 & 9:00 pm Theatre "The Mousetrap" see 3/15
- 7:15 & 9:45 pm W. C. Fields Films Busch Center, St. Louis U. \$1.25
- 8:00 pm National Ballet of Canada (with Rudolph Nureyev) Kiel Opera House
- 8:00 pm Film "Fellini Satyricon" 101 Stadler Hall \$1.50 with UMSL I.D.
- 9:00 pm Saturday Night Leftovers (Improvisational theatre) Fontbonne College Cafe - hat pass

SUNDAY, MARCH 18

- 1962 - Algeria wins independence from France
- 2:00 pm MACB fiddle contest in Warrenton Mo. Armory
- 2:00 & 10:00 pm Film Classic "Beauty and the Beast" on Channel 9
- 2:00--Women's Kata instruction & Men's practice
- 4:30 pm Theatre "Arms and the Man" (G.B. Shaw) City Players, 3207 Washington \$2
- 3:00 pm UMSL Flying Club (1st meeting) 121 J.C. Penney - Open to all
- 7:00 pm "The Mousetrap" see 3/15

MONDAY, MARCH 19

- 2:40 & 8:00 pm Film "The Loved One" 101 Stadler Hall

- 3:30 pm Social Science Colloquium Ruth Jones "Student Involvement in the Community" 331 BE (Coffee served)

TUESDAY, MARCH 20

- 2:45 pm Christian Science Organization open meeting Rm. 272 U. Center
- 3:00 & 8:00 pm Free Film "Inherit the Wind" J.C. Penney Aud.
- 7:30 pm Lecture on Transcendental Meditation Benton Hall 203

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21

- Nothin' Goin' On

THURSDAY, MARCH 22

- 1:00--Hatha Yoga Class Rm. 100 Clark Hall
- 3:00 pm Judo Blub Co-ed instruction
- 7:00--Kundalini Yoga Classes are held every night (except Thursday) at 5397 Waterman (all interested are welcome)
- 9:30 pm The PF "Union Salad Table" will be set up irregularly so look for it in the U. Center between 11:00 & 2:00 p.m.
- Kalundir published by the Central Council Publicity Committee, deadline for items is Friday before publication (Remember the Current comes out Thursday evening).

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Greeks to pedal for Muscular Dystrophy

Pi Kappa Alpha Fraternity is getting its wheels rolling for a "Pike Bike Race" to earn money for people suffering from muscular dystrophy.

The Pike Bike Race, scheduled to be held on April 29, is the culmination of a period of fund raising which fraternity and sorority chapters throughout St. Louis will initiate.

Chairman Ed Ford has contacted Greek organizations on the campuses of St. Louis University, Washington University, St. Louis College of Pharmacy, Meramec Junior College and UMSL. Those chapters who make a commitment to participate in raising funds for MDA will be treated to a day of appreciation and all the festivities that accompany

Pike Bike Day.

Interested Greek chapters have viewed a film made by a fraternity in Atlanta, Georgia which documents its efforts to raise money for MDA. The chapter is striving to spread the Pike Bike fund raising plan across the country.

Phase I of the program includes a one-two week period of fund-raising projects, initiated by the individual organizations. Such projects as a dance marathon, toll road collection and a golf tournament are under consideration. The monetary goal is \$5000.

According to Ford, the organization that raises the most money may be a recipient of a \$500 scholarship.

Students to intern in community

- from page 1

munity; 4) to assist public agencies in performing their tasks by providing them with analytically trained staff assistants; and 5) to provide job related experience prior to graduation for those students interested in a public affairs career.

The student, in cooperation with faculty and supervisors at the agency he is assigned to, will formulate his or her own specific objectives to "aid in assuring meaningful intern experiences." Students will maintain contact, either in groups or individually, with a faculty supervisor who will be responsible for the final evaluation.

An initial workshop on interning during the first week of

the semester will orient and prepare the interns. "Regular seminars...might also be included."

Speaking on the program thus far Dr. Collins said, "We're fairly certain of having interesting assignments." He went on to conclude, "We see it as very important...not only for political science...but...for the whole community besides."

A brochure outlining the program along with a response card is to be sent out just after spring break to those the department feels might be interested in including the program as part of their fall schedule.

Those who are interested but do not receive information should call 453-5146.

Athletic budget released

- from page 1

Of that \$139,000, approximately \$41,585 is scheduled for salaries and wages, \$56,989 for expenses and equipment (including travel, supplies, athletic equipment), and \$34,547 for financial assistance to athletes.

In the salaries and wages category, the lion's share of the funds is going to intramural athletics (\$18,483) and to equipment attendants (locker room help and laundry--\$13,392).

In the expenses and equipment category the largest amount of funds is for basketball (\$22,000) the next highest for baseball (\$5,500) and then intramurals (\$4,985). Smith explained to the *Current* why more money was being spent on basketball.

He explained that in a sports program, among the things that were looked for, were how much

the students participate in a sport, the kind of image the school would present to the community and national visibility.

He said that more students participated in basketball than any other sport on campus, and that it was felt that basketball would present the best image of the school.

It was also pointed out that when the athletic program was originally being set up, funds were limited, and to the former Chancellors Bugg and Driscoll, basketball was the most important sport to build up.

"I'm interested in building all sports at UMSL," he said, but went on to stress that it would require a lot more money, and would have to be done on a piece meal basis, just like any educational program at the University.

Communications

Council applications

Students who want to apply for the general election can do so from March 12-23 at the Student Activities Office, 262 University Center. The election will be April 10-13. The positions open are president, vice president and one representative for every 500 persons enrolled.

Cairo clothing drive

P.F. is still collecting food and clothing for the struggling people of Cairo, Illinois. Anyone who would like to donate stuff should drop it by the P.F. office, in room 213 J Administration Building or (if that's locked) take it down the hall to the Central Council Office where we will pick it up. There will be a number of St. Louisans going to Cairo for a mass rally on April 7th & 8th to show our support and solidarity with the oppressed people of Cairo. Anyone interested in going should contact us (by calling Dan at 638-4561) so we can coordinate rides with riders.

Status of abortion

The St. Louis Organization for Women's Rights will present a public talk on the legal status of abortion in Missouri on March 15, 1973, 8 p.m. at the University City Public Library, 6701 Delmar. The speaker will be Attorney Frank Susman, who participated in arguing the recent abortion case before the United States Supreme Court.

University Year for Action

Could you relate to helping a minority businessman turn a profit for the first time? How about setting up an entire accounting system for a small municipality?

Could you see yourself as a feasibility analyst researching new business ventures for an economic development corporation? Maybe aiding the housing department of a community group plan an elderly apartment complex might stimulate you?

You don't have to wait for your degree to participate. Students are doing all of the things listed here, and getting academic credit, too.

How? UYA (University Year for Action). It's quite a challenge, and the contribution you can make is large.

Contact: Len Licata, UYA Office - 484 BESS Bldg., 453-5881.

Trip to Mexico

Anyone interested in the UMSL trip to Mexico this summer should come to see two film being shown about the trip.

One film is from the school itself and the other was taken by participants in last year's program. They will be shown at 7:30 the evening of March 15th in Clark Hall, Rm. 213.

Anyone desiring further information about the movies or the trip is encouraged to contact Luis Clay of the Spanish department.

Spring image soon

The literary magazine *image*, published by the English Club, is now accepting poems and short stories for a spring edition of the magazine. All students, faculty and staff are invited to submit their work. Manuscripts should be typed in triplicate, and put into a box marked *image* either in the English Office of Lucas Hall, or at the Information Desk of the Student Union. Sorry, but submissions cannot be returned unless accompanied by a stamped self-

addressed envelope.

The present edition of *image* is available now, for only 25c in coin, no stamps please. It will be on sale at a table in the lobby of the Student Union on Monday, March 19th, between 10:30 and 1:30. Copies are also available from members of the English Club.

Bluegrass concert

"The Roots of Bluegrass," a concert which traces the history of bluegrass music from colonial time to the present, will be presented on Friday, March 23rd at 8 p.m. in the J.C. Penney Auditorium. The music will be performed by members of the Missouri Area Bluegrass Committee. Tickets are \$1 with UMSL identification and are available at the University Center Information Desk. Public admission is \$2. The concert is being presented by the University Program Board and is being subsidized with Student Activity Funds.

Food prices upped

Effective March 19, University Center food prices on items containing meat will rise 15%. This is comparable to recent increases in area restaurants and is a direct reflection of the 15% increase in raw food expense experienced nationwide during the last twelve months. Hamburgers and cheeseburgers will cost a nickel more with entree items rising even more.

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Swimmers, Wrestlers record winning seasons

Two more Rivermen teams have joined the impressive winning tradition at the University of Missouri-St. Louis. UMMSL's newest contingents, the swimming and wrestling teams, finished second seasons with winning records.

Both the Rivermen swimmers and wrestlers suffered through dismal initial seasons last winter when the tankers managed just one victory in seven meets and the matmen lost all five of their dual meet encounters. Under new head coaches this year, the swimmers gained a most respectable 8-4-1 record, while UMMSL's grapplers finished with a 4-3 mark.

Co-head coaches Fred Nelson

and Ed Craren accept little applause for the swimmers fine showing during the 1972-73 season. "With no scholarships, the only reward for our swimmers is self-satisfaction. These guys worked hard early in the year and then worked even harder after winning the first couple of meets," Nelson said. "The final 8-4-1 record is a fine tribute to a group of hard-working athletes," he added.

UMMSL's tankers began the season with four victories and one tie to show for the first five outings. The team lost four of the next five meets, but rebounded to grab victories in the final three contests. The Rivermen ended the year winning the second

place trophy at the five-team Washington University Invitational.

"We started strong and finished strong," Nelson said. "We faced some tougher teams when we had that mid-season slump, but our swimmers regrouped and finished in fine fashion," praised Nelson.

Nelson gave individual praise to his top six scorers. Cited were: Monte Strub (106-1/2 points for the season), diver Randy Breihan (96 points), Steve Wurmb (90-1/2 points), Bill Vordtriede (84-1/2 points), Steve Stiffelman (83-1/3 points) and Charlie Marantette (78-1/2 points). "Each one of those top six scorers showed a willingness to improve and

worked for the improvement," Nelson said.

Co-captains for the tankers were Monte Strub and Bill Vordtriede. Strub led the team in scoring and set UMMSL's pool and school records for the 200 yard butterfly. Vordtriede, who finished fourth in scoring despite missing five meets due to illness, set pool and school records for both the 50- and 100-yard freestyle events.

The Rivermen matmen, under first year head coach Von Henry, also ended the season in style, winning three of the final four meets. "We definitely improved through the year, but I thought we could have been 6-1, rather than 4-3," Henry said. "We lost to Southeast Missouri and Missouri-Rolla and these are two teams we beat."

Though somewhat disappointed

with his team's overall performance, Henry is satisfied with a number of individuals on his squad. Tom Bowden, Joe Miniea and Glen Davis received special recognition from the first-year coach. "I expected Bowden and Davis to do well for us and they did. Miniea is a freshman and he surprised me with his ability and confidence," Henry said. Bowden and Davis served as co-captains.

The 190-pound Bowden survived the dual meet schedule undefeated (6-0-1) and was the only Riverman entrant at the NCAA College Division championships. Bowden won his first two matches, losing his third to the wrestler who eventually took third place. The two victories gave UMMSL one team-point in the tournament.

Would 30 second clock stop delay?

Collegiate basketball without the stall? Isn't that just a little bit like football without the running game?

The single, most controversial rule change in college basketball this year has been the advent of the 30-second clock. Under this

citing or does it detract from basketball?

"It definitely takes away from the defensive aspect of the game and takes away, from the underdog, its only hope against a superior team," said UMMSL coach Chuck Smith.

"If a team decides to stall," continues Smith, "a defense worth its salt will get the ball. I'll vote against the rule."

That statement could be put to a strong test. Take, for instance, the North Carolina delay game. The Tarheels plot one man in each corner of the court and put one man at or around the free throw line. No matter how salty it is, no defense will get the ball from that style unless it fouls.

As Kevin Byrne, UMMSL sports information director, put it, "They can throw the ball around all day. And, if they can shoot free throws, they'll kill you if you foul them."

According to Smith the 30-second clock was thoroughly researched before it was put into use.

"In 99 per cent of the cases," says Smith, "most teams gave up the ball within 30 seconds."

That may be true for the first 35 minutes of the game but not in the last five. This is when teams try to protect their lead and when fans head for the ex-

its. It definitely takes the excitement out of a close game. Kevin Byrne made a suggestion worth considering.

"At the collegiate level," says Byrne, "there is a need for a strict definition of rules that protects competition. One plan worth trying would be to have a 30-second clock in the last 5 minutes if one team leads the other by 6 or more points. If the lead is less than 6, don't use it."

The UMMSL sports information director also added that the 30-second rule throughout the game might tend to force the same style of run-and-gun play.

"The offenses would be designed with picks that everyone has already seen."

In considering the use or disuse of the clock, the fan certainly deserves some attention. They support the game and it is doubtful that the sophisticated fan would stand for a lack of the one thing basketball has over most other sports; constant movement.

As this reporter sat back and watched the Southwestern Louisiana-Houston game of last Saturday afternoon, it was obvious that the clock was not needed for the "Rajin Cajuns." But, how many teams play wide-open basketball like UMMSL? The fast break is beautiful. It makes basketball. Why take it away?

Commentary

by Kevin Slaten

rule, a team must shoot within 30 seconds after it gains possession of the ball. It was used on an experimental basis in the Big Eight Conference this past season. It helps the big powers of college basketball but takes away an important strategic move for the less-endowed. In other words, no longer would the underdog be able to freeze the ball. Does the 30-second clock help make the game more ex-



Steve Stiffelman, coach Fred Nelson, Monte Strub and Steve Wurmb with swim trophy.

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